WORLD HISTORY

FEBRUARY 2, 2017

BELL WORK

Discuss the following questions with a partner:

- 1. What two religions were punished for their beliefs during the Middle Ages?
- 2. What is heresy?
- 3. How did the Reconquista affect Spanish Jews and Muslims?
- 4. Who began the Spanish Inquisition and why?

DAILY AGENDA

- Bell Work Group Discussion
- Study Guide (in collaborative groups)
- Study Guide Review

1. How did the Catholic Church affect society in the following ways?

Political	Intellectual	Aesthetic
 Approved government leaders Owned land and became feudal lords Became very involved in governmental affairs, often neglecting religious duties 	 Created universities; classes taught by clergy Taught many subjects, not just religion 	 Developed cathedrals with Gothic architecture Created tapestries and paintings with religious themes

2. What was the Black Death? How was it spread throughout Asia and Europe?

The Black Death was a disease that killed millions of people in Europe and Asia during the Middle Ages. It was spread along trade routes by rats infected by fleas.

3. How did the Black Death affect feudalism and economics in Medieval Europe?

The Black Death weakened feudalism because it killed so much of the population. Nobles did not have enough laborers to work in the manor, so serfs were able to negotiate for wages. This led to the growth of the Middle Class, a group of people who could build small amounts of wealth and who were free to own their own businesses and make a living.

4. How did the Black Death affect society and social classes in Medieval Europe?

The Black Death led to the growth of towns and cities as people turned to manufacturing of goods instead of farming for a living. It also led to the growth of the Middle Class.

5. Explain how the following areas grew in the Middle Ages:

Banking	Agriculture	Growth of Towns	Growth of Trading
A new merchant called a moneychanger started exchanging currency for trade between countries.	 Two major developments included the horse collar and the wheeled plow This led to an increase in food and population 	 Towns started to grow because populations grew due to an abundance of food. As trading began between towns, cities began to emerge. 	 Trade led to wealthy cities, larger populations, and major trading cities like Flanders and Sicily

6. What was the goal of the Reconquista? How did the Reconquista affect the countries of Spain and Portugal?

The goal of the Reconquista was for Christians in Europe to take land on the Iberian Peninsula back from the Moors. This led to the growth of Spain and Portugal.

7. Explain the Spanish Inquisition and its effects on those who did not practice Christianity.

The Spanish Inquisition was a court in Spain that found and punished those who were worshipping religions other than Christianity, including Jews and Muslims. This led to torture and executions of people based on their religion.